# The Temporal Dynamics of Dividing Focal Attention



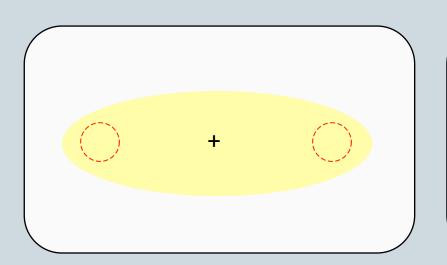


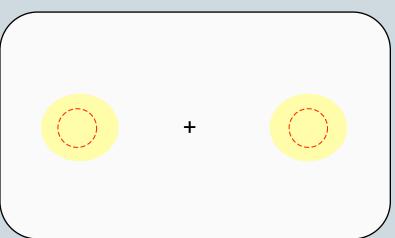
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AND

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#### The nature of focal attention: Unitary or divided?





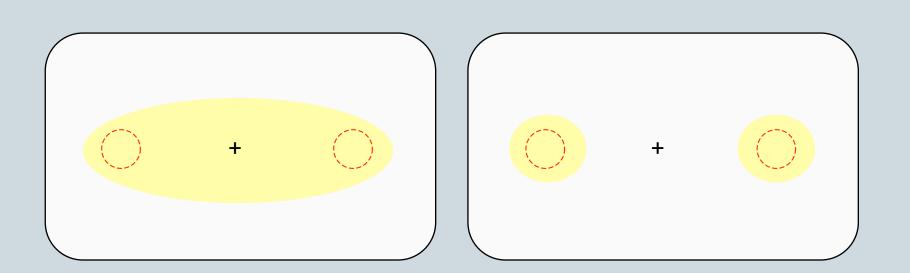
#### Single, unitary focus:

Ericksen & Yeh, 1985 Barriopedro & Botella, 2002; Jonides, 1983 Benso et al., 1992

#### Divided, dual foci:

Müller et al., 2003 Kawahara & Yamada, 2006 Yamada & Kawahara, 2007 Adamo, Pun, & Pratt, 2008

#### The nature of focal attention: Unitary or divided?

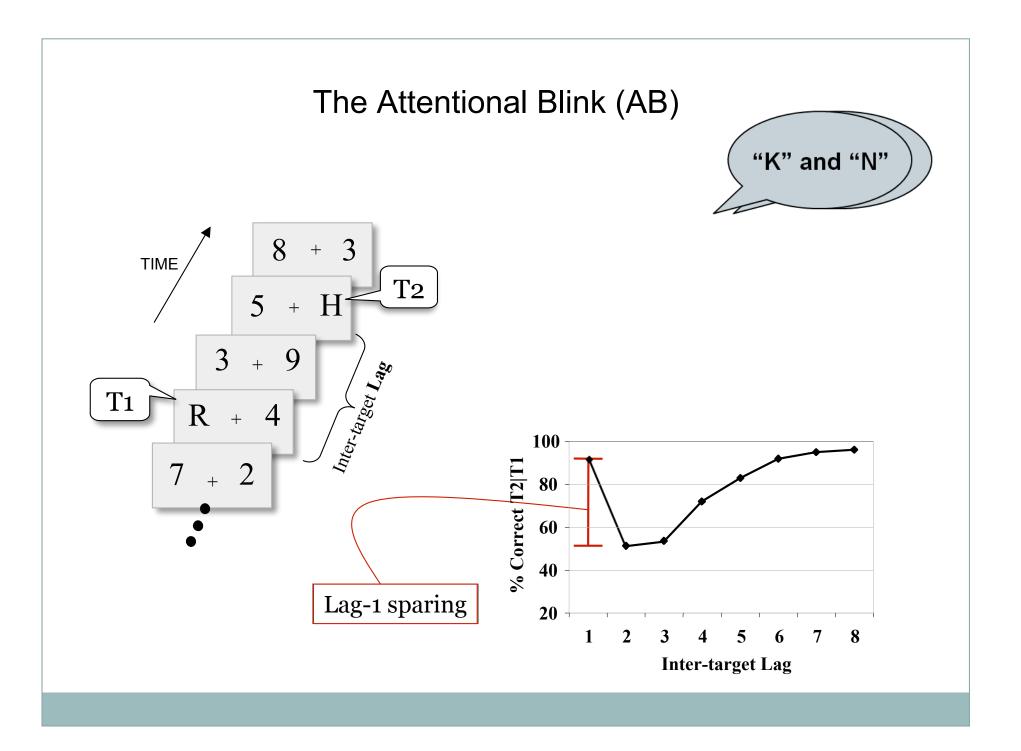


Can either mode be employed, depending on task demands?

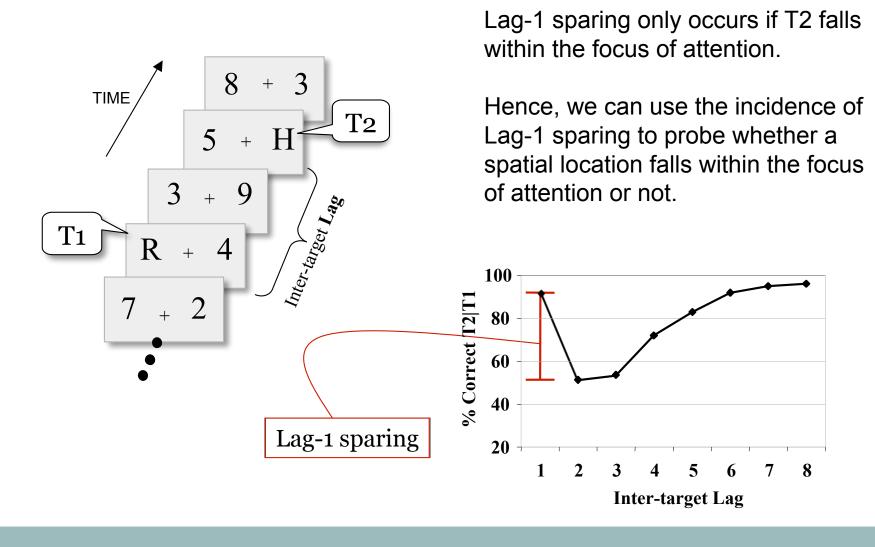
Is it possible to morph from one mode to the other during a task?

How long does the morphing take?

Is there a default mode of attentional deployment?

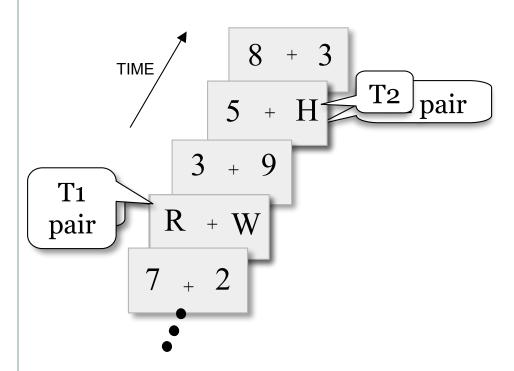


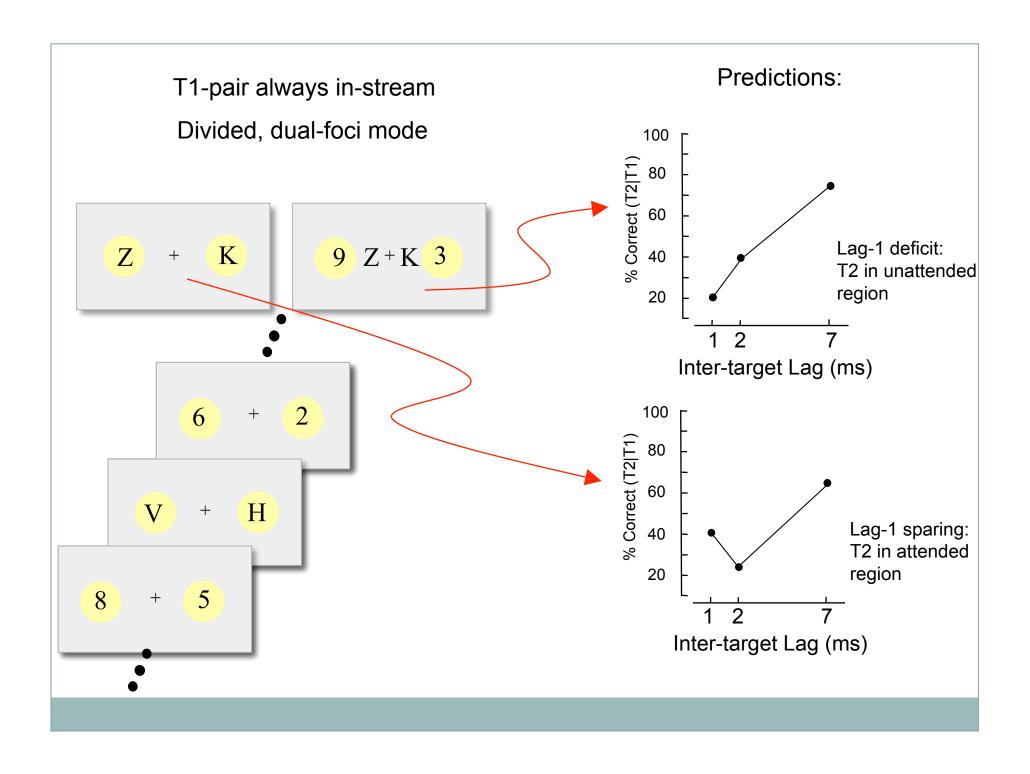
#### The Attentional Blink (AB)

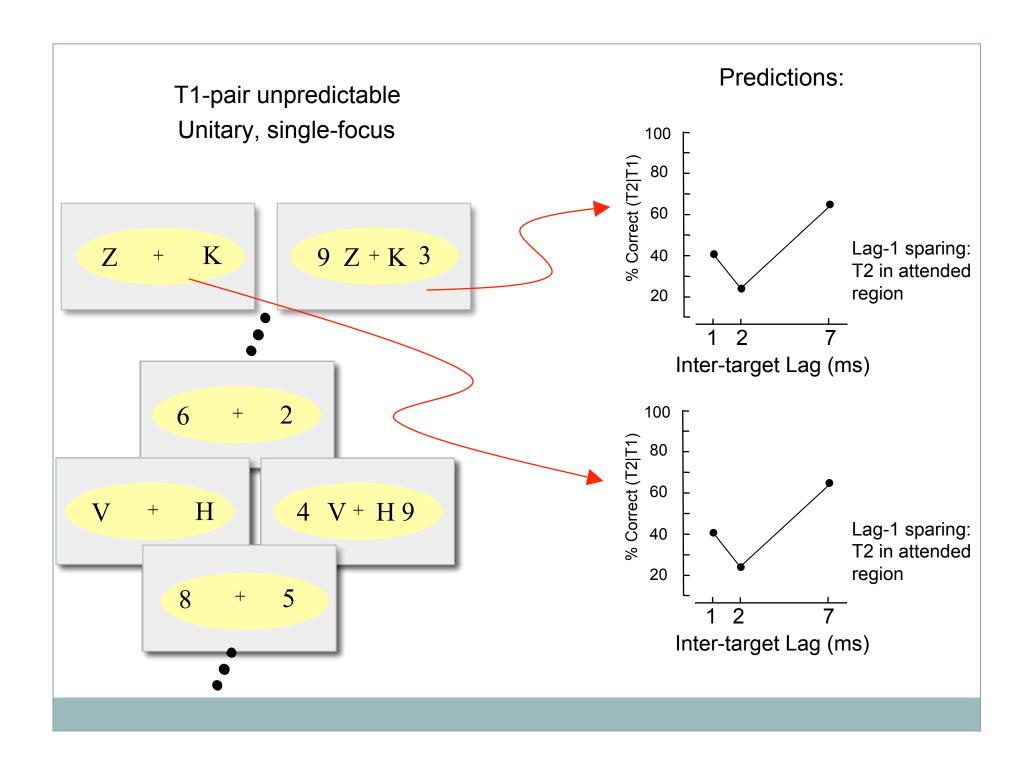


#### The Attentional Blink (AB)

Our paradigm:

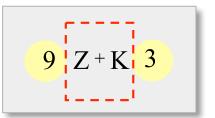


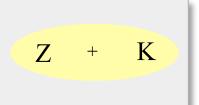


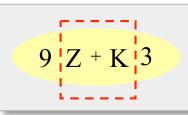


### T1-pair always in-stream Divided mode

### T1-pair unpredictable Unitary mode





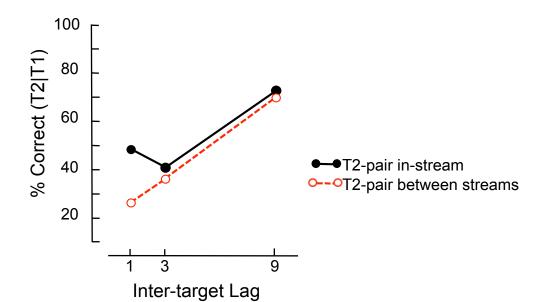


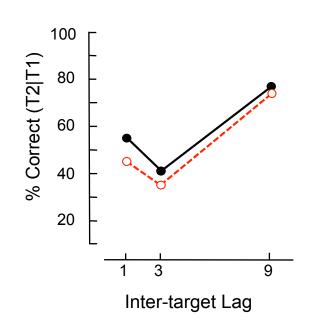
T1-pair always in-stream

Divided mode

T1-pair unpredictable
Unitary mode

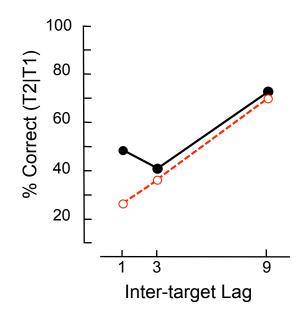
$$9 Z + K 3$$



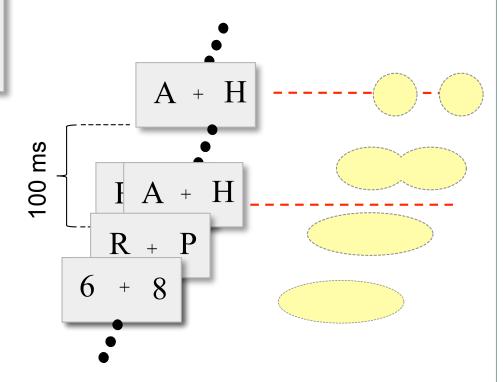


### T1-pair always in-stream Divided mode

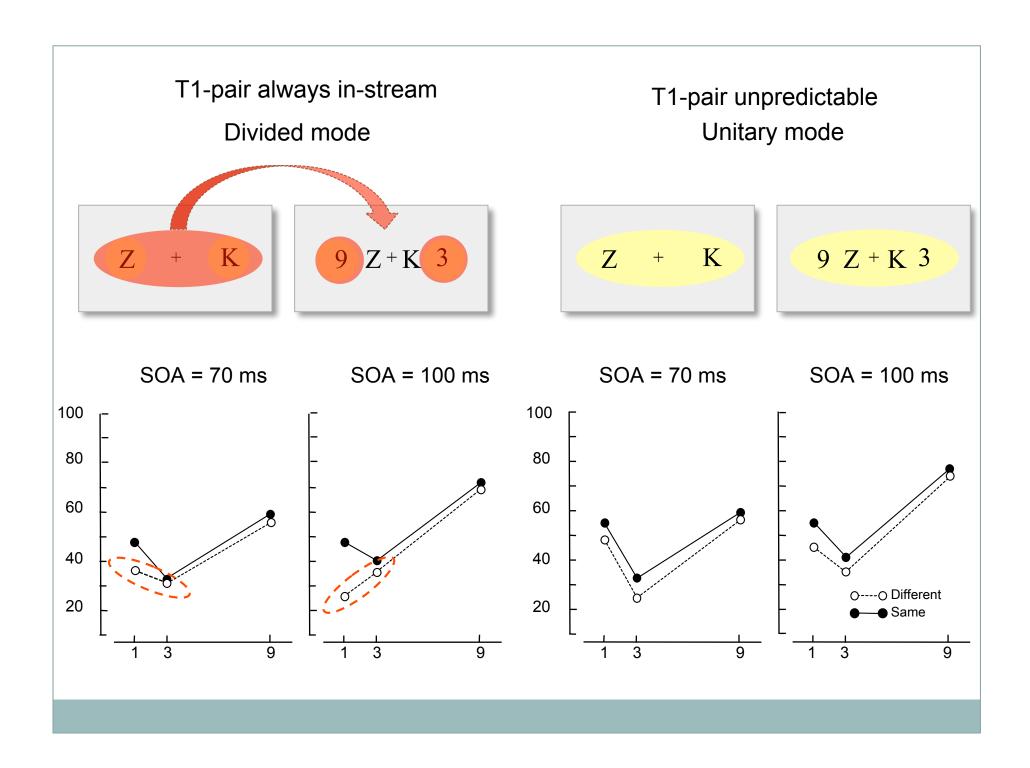
What if the focus of attention is initially unitary, but divides over time?



SOA = 70 ms



At At the those says As the At the says already be divided



## Thank you!

Whether a unitary or a divided focus is employed depends on *task demands*.

The focus of attention can morph from unitary to divided within 100 ms.

The "default" mode may be unitary.



